

Year 12 A LEVEL FURTHER MATHS Curriculum Map 2022-23

| Term | Topic/Unit title | Essential knowledge and skills (what students should know, understand and be able to do by the end of the unit/topic) |
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| Autumn 1 | 1. Matrices 2. Further vectors 3. Applications of matrices 4. Complex numbers | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Learn about matrices and how to add, subtract and multiply them. ● Learn about properties of groups of matrices such as identities and inverses. ● Use the vector equation of a line ● Find where two lines intersect ● Calculate angles between vectors ● Calculate and use vector products ● Use matrices to solve simultaneous equations ● Understand the links between matrices and various transformations ● Learn about properties and rules with complex numbers ● Understand the links between roots of polynomials and complex conjugates ● See the link between complex numbers and transformations. |
| Autumn 2 | 5. Roots of polynomials 6. Mathematical induction | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Learn how to factorise polynomials including consideration of complex roots. ● Use substitutions to solve more complex equations ● Use proof by induction with matrices ● Use proof by induction with number theory ● Use proof by induction with inequalities |
| | <p>At this point, both teachers have finished teaching the year twelve pure maths content, and one teacher will teach the year twelve statistics content with the other looking at mechanics.</p> | |
| Spring 1 | Mech 1: Energy and Power 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Calculate the work done by a force ● Calculate kinetic energy ● Use the work energy principle ● Work with potential energy ● Calculate power |

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| | <p>Mech 2: Dimensional Analysis</p> <p>Stats 1: Counting principles and probability Work</p> <p>Stats 2: Discrete random variables</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Use the idea of dimensions of various quantities to check the consistency of formulae, and predict formulae from given scenarios. ● Solve problems involving counting methods, permutations and combinations ● Calculate mean and variance of a discrete random variable ● Calculate with uniform distributions ● Find expectation and variance from binomial distributions and geometric distributions |
| Spring 2 | <p>Mech 3: Momentum and collisions 1</p> <p>Stats 3: Poisson Distribution</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Calculate momentum and impulse ● Understand the relationship between momentum and impulse ● Use Newton's experimental law in collisions ● Solve problems involving connected particles. ● Use the Poisson distribution to model situations and make calculations accordingly. |
| Summer 1 | <p>Stats 5: Correlation and regression</p> <p>Stats 6: Chi-squared tests</p> <p>Mech 4: Circular Motion 1</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Calculate correlation coefficients ● Conduct hypothesis tests ● Use linear regression to find a line of best fit ● Check if two factors are independent ● Use Yate's correction ● Check if data has come from a given population ● Solve problems involving motion and angular speed in horizontal circles. ● Find acceleration and forces |
| Summer 2 | Revision and assessment | |

Year 13 A LEVEL FURTHER MATHS Curriculum Map

| Term | Topic/Unit title | Essential knowledge and skills (what students should know, understand and be able to do by the end of the unit/topic) |
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| Autumn 1 | 1. Series & Induction | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Use induction to prove results about sequences, series and differentiation ● Use given results to find sums of series ● Use the method of differences ● Find the limit of converging sequences |
| | 2. Powers and roots of complex numbers | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Use de Moivre's theorem ● Find roots of complex numbers including unity ● Find the quadratic factors of polynomials ● Use the relationship between complex numbers and transformations |
| Autumn 2 | 3. Complex Numbers & Trigonometry | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Use de Moivre's theorem to derive trigonometric identities ● Find the sums of trigonometric series |
| | 4. Lines and Planes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Use different forms of the equation of a plane ● Find equations between lines and planes ● Calculate distances between points in 3d |
| | 5. Simultaneous Equations and Planes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Identify configurations of planes ● Determine the number of solutions to sets of equations |
| | 6. Hyperbolic functions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Define the hyperbolic functions ● Draw and understand their graphs ● Understand the inverses in terms of logarithms, and their reciprocals ● Solve equations and prove identities ● Differentiate hyperbolic functions |
| Spring 1 | 7. Further Calculus Techniques | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Differentiate inverse trig and inverse hyperbolic functions ● Find integrals that produce inverse functions ● Integrate using partial fractions |

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| | <p>8. Applications of Calculus</p> <p>9. Polar Coordinates</p> <p>10. Differential Equations</p> <p>11. Applications of differential equations</p> <p>12.</p> <p>Mech 5: Centres of mass 1</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Find MacLaurin series expansions including using results for more complex functions ● Work with improper integrals ● Find volumes of shapes using integration ● Find the mean value of a function ● Use polar co-ordinates to represent curves ● Convert between Cartesian and polar forms ● Find areas enclosed by polar curves ● Solve first order differential equations ● Solve second order differential equations ● Use differential equations in modelling ● Solve problems involving simple harmonic motion ● Solve problems involving coupled differential equations ● Find centres of masses from particles, uniform rods and laminas. ● Find centres of mass of standard 2 and 3d shapes. ● Find centres of composite bodies |
| <p>Spring 2</p> | <p>Stat 4: Non-parametric hypothesis tests</p> <p>Stats 7: Continuous distributions</p> <p>Mech 6: Work, Energy and Power 2</p> <p>Mech 7: Linear motion under variable force</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand non parametric hypothesis tests and use the Wilcoxon tests. ● Describe probabilities of continuous variables ● Calculate expected statistics of continuous variables and functions of continuous variables ● Convert between probability density functions and cumulative distribution functions ● Use continuous uniform and exponential distributions ● Calculate work done by a variable force ● Understand and use Hooke's Law ● Calculate work done when extending an elastic string ● Solve problems involving elastic potential energy. ● Use vectors to calculate work done, kinetic energy and power. ● Solve problems when velocity is given as a function of displacement, acceleration is given as a function of acceleration or displacement ● Use connected rates of change to solve linear motion problems |

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| | Mech 8: Momentum and collisions 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Find the impulse of a variable force ● Solve impulse and momentum problems in 2d using vectors ● Calculate the result of oblique impacts |
| Summer 1 | <p>Stats 8: Combining random variables</p> <p>Stats 9: Further Hypothesis Tests & C.I.s</p> <p>Mech 9: Circular Motion 2</p> <p>Mech 10: Centres of mass 2</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Find the mean and variance of two random variables ● Make predictions about the average or sum of a sample ● Understand distributions of linear combinations of normal variables ● Learn more about situations where the normal distribution can be used for hypothesis testing and understand confidence intervals. ● Solve particle problems involving variable speed. ● Solve motion in a vertical circle problems. ● Use integration to find centres of mass ● Solve problems involving toppling or sliding objects. |