

Keswick



School

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SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY (KSMAT/STAT/048)

Responsible:	Directors of Keswick School Multi Academy Trust
Lead Officer:	Head teacher
Date of Review:	March 2025
Date to be Reviewed:	March 2026
Signed:	
Date:	

SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY

REVIEW SHEET

The information in the table below details earlier versions of this document with a brief description of each review and how to distinguish amendments made since the previous version date.

Version Number	Version Description	Date of Revision
1	Original	Nov 2012
2	Policy review	Nov 2014
3	Policy review Boarding House policy and procedures incorporated	Nov 2015
4	Policy review	Dec 2017
5	Policy review Incorporation of allergy information for students and the use of emergency adrenaline	June 2019
6	Policy Review Including the introduction of Natasha's Law To reflect the current Nurse in School – pending recruitment of a fully qualified nurse	November 2021
7	Policy Review	March 2023
8	Policy Review – update of staff names and appendices	February 2024
9	Update and new appendix added	March 2025

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1.0 DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 For the purpose of this policy a child, young person, pupil or student is referred to as a 'child' or a 'pupil' and they are normally under 18 years of age.
- 1.2 Wherever the term 'parent' is used this includes any person with parental authority over the child concerned e.g. carers, legal guardians etc.

2.0 AIMS

- 2.1 This policy is based on the statutory Department for Education (DfE) guidance *'Supporting pupils at School with medical conditions: Statutory guidance for governing bodies of maintained Schools and proprietors of academies in England'*. This coincides with the application of section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014.
- 2.2 We believe that all children with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, should be supported so that they can play a full and active role in School life, remain healthy and achieve their academic potential including access to School trips and physical education (PE).
- 2.3 We are committed to ensuring that effective support for a child's medical condition is provided and that they feel safe by putting in place suitable arrangements and procedures to manage their needs.
- 2.4 We understand that children's health needs may change. This may result in extended periods of absence and our arrangements take this into account. We will consider advice from healthcare professionals and listen to the views of parents and pupils.
- 2.5 We appreciate that some children with medical conditions may be disabled and their needs must be met under the Equality Act 2010. Some children may also have special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) and may have a Statement of Special Educational Needs or an Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan.
- 2.6 This policy should be read in conjunction with:
- Accessibility Plan (KSMAT/STAT/018)
 - Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy (KSMAT/STAT/040)
 - Equality Policy (KSMAT/STAT /007)
 - First Aid Policy (KS/P&B/010)
 - Health & Safety Policy (KSMAT/STAT/013)
 - SEND Policy (KSMAT/STAT /073)
 - Trips and Visits Policy (KS/CUR/076)

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3.0 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITY

3.1 The Governing Body

3.1.1 The governing body is responsible for fulfilling the statutory duty to make arrangements to support pupils with medical conditions in Keswick School. It is the responsibility of the governing body to ensure that:

- no child with a medical condition will be denied admission because arrangements to manage their medical condition have not been made. At the same time, in line with safeguarding duties, the governing body will ensure that no pupil's health is put at unnecessary risk, for example, from infectious diseases;
- there is effective cooperative working with others including healthcare professionals, social care professionals (as appropriate), local authorities, parents and pupils as outlined in this policy;
- sufficient staff have received suitable training and are competent, or as the need arises, before they take on duties to support children with medical conditions;
- staff who provide such support are able to access information and other materials as needed;
- funding arrangements support proper implementation of this policy e.g. for training etc.

3.1.2 Our Lead Governor for supporting pupils at School with medical conditions is Hayley Blakely.

3.2 The Head teacher

3.2.1 The Head teacher has overall responsibility for this policy in association with the Deputy Head (Pastoral), the First Aid Officer in the School and the Head of Lairthwaite House. The Head teacher will ensure that:

- all staff are aware of this policy and understand their role in its implementation;
- all staff and other adults who need to know are aware of a child's medical condition including supply staff, peripatetic teachers, coaches etc.;
- where a child needs one, an IHCP is developed, implemented, monitored and reviewed;
- sufficient trained staff are available to implement the policy and deliver against all IHCPs, including in contingency and emergency situations;
- staff are aware that they are insured to support pupils with medical conditions;
- the First Aid Officer in the School/Head of Lairthwaite House is made aware of any child who has a medical condition that may require support at School or in the boarding house;
- children at risk of reaching the threshold for missing education due to health needs are identified and effective collaborative working with partners (such as the Local Authority or alternative education providers) aims to ensure a good education for them;
- risk assessments take into account the need to support pupils with medical conditions as appropriate e.g. educational visits, activities outside the normal timetable etc.
- an audit of record keeping will be undertaken every half term with the Deputy Head (Pastoral) to ensure that this complies with the guidance set out in this policy.

3.3 First Aid Officer in the School

3.3.1 The First Aid Officer in the School is responsible for:

- notifying School staff when a child has been identified as having a medical condition which will require support. They will liaise with other healthcare professionals and, where possible, will do this before a child starts at School.

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- supporting and monitoring pupils with medical conditions through the development of an IHCP (Section 4.3), supporting staff with implementing an IHCP, ensuring that medical record keeping is accurate and provide advice/training as appropriate.
- liaising with clinicians, a child's General Practitioner (GP) or other healthcare services on the appropriate support for a child and the associated staff training needs to inform the development and implementation of an IHCP.
- ensuring that the boarding house is made aware of any medications administered to boarding pupils during the School day by providing the pupil with an administration of medication slip and calling the boarding house before the end of the School day.
- Undertake National College training on the administration of medicine.

3.4 Head of Lairthwaite House

3.4.1 The Head of Lairthwaite House is responsible for:

- notifying boarding staff when a boarding pupil has been identified with a medical condition. This will involve liaising with other healthcare professionals including the First Aid Officer in the School.
- ensuring that boarding pupils are registered with a local GP and that the GP arranges for any required booster vaccinations or immunisation.
- providing guidance to boarding staff on implementing a child's IHCP and speaking with the First Aid Officer in the School or other healthcare professionals to seek clarification as necessary.
- ensuring boarding staff are suitably trained to support boarding pupils with medical conditions. This will include up-dates at staff meetings, training sessions, new staff induction and will be an appraisal objective for boarding staff where necessary.
- ensuring only competent boarding staff undertake the administration of medicines, including regular reviews during a member of staff's probationary period and periodically thereafter. ensuring that the First Aid Officer in the School is aware of any non-prescription medicines administered to pupils in the boarding house through REACH (a student life management system for boarding schools).
- Undertake National College training on the administration of medicine.

3.5 School Staff

3.5.1 Staff may be asked to help provide support to pupils with medical conditions. While administering medicines is not part of teachers' professional duties, all teachers must take in to account the needs of pupils with medical conditions that they teach. They must be aware of the medical information available on SIMS and speak to the First Aid Officer in the School if they require further information.

3.5.2 Education trip, visit and extended School activity organisers must speak with the First Aid Officer in the School regarding pupils with medical conditions. They must be aware of pupils' IHCPs and the control measures required in order to produce individual risk assessments where necessary.

3.5.3 The Deputy Head (Pastoral) will identify staff training needs linked to this policy, this will be informed by any updated information from the First Aid Officer in the School. (Section 9).

3.5.4 Staff will receive appropriate training to achieve the necessary level of competency before they support pupils with medical conditions. However, all staff must know what to do and respond accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help.

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3.5.5 If the First Aid Officer in the School is absent the administration of medicine will be overseen by other identified first aiders. If there is any cause for concern we would activate the emergency procedures which might include taking a pupil directly to the Keswick Cottage Hospital or calling an ambulance.

3.6 Pupils

3.6.1 We will seek the views of pupils about their medical support needs at a level appropriate to their age and maturity. They should contribute to the development of an IHCP, if necessary, with a view to developing their long term capability to manage their condition effectively.

3.7 Parents

3.7.1 Parents may be the first to notify the School that their child has a medical condition. They must provide sufficient and up-to-date information and will be asked to draft an IHCP, if one is required.

3.7.2 Parents must carry out any action they agreed in the IHCP e.g. provide any medicine and equipment and ensure that they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times.

3.7.3 Meetings will only be arranged with the First Aid Officer in the School if a pupil's medical conditions are complex and more information is required. Apart from that the First Aid Officer in the School can be contacted by telephone/email and is available on induction days.

3.7.4 Parents will be asked to review the IHCP when a change occurs to their child's medical condition or requirements. **IHCP forms will be resent annually to all parents for review and to be up-dated.**

3.7.5 Parents must be contactable at all times and must ensure that the School/boarding house has their current home, work and mobile telephone numbers. In addition the boarding house requires guardians home, work and mobile telephone numbers.

3.7.6 There is an expectation that parents will attend at the hospital should any pupil have to be taken there for treatment.

4.0 ARRANGEMENTS AND PROCEDURES

4.1 Notification that a pupil has a medical condition

4.1.1 Parents must keep children who are unwell or infectious at home.

4.1.2 A pupil who becomes unwell at School, during a trip/visit or on a sporting activity will initially be triaged by the First Aid Officer in the School or an appropriate first aider. Parents will be notified and may be requested to collect the pupil from School or alternative arrangements will be agreed.

4.1.3 The health of boarding pupils will be monitored by the boarding house (Appendix 2). If a boarding pupil becomes unwell during the School day the First Aid Officer in the School will follow the medical referral procedure for boarding pupils (Appendix 3).

4.1.4 Boarding pupils who are unwell will be cared for in one of the sick bays in the boarding house. Parents or guardians will be notified and may be requested to collect the pupil. If a parent or guardian cannot be contacted or cannot collect the pupil they will be taken to their GP.

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- 4.1.5 Notification that a pupil has a medical condition must be made at the earliest opportunity to the First Aid Officer in the School during the School day (9.00-4.00pm weekdays during term time) or, for boarding pupils, the Head of Lairthwaite House outside the School day.
- 4.1.6 Notifications may come from a parent or a medical practitioner/GP. The School requests that parents seek a medical diagnosis if they are in any doubt about their child's symptoms.
- 4.1.7 All notifications will be recorded on a pupil's medical record. This will include:
- who made the notification;
 - the date;
 - whether the notification was made with or without a diagnosis by a medical practitioner/GP;
 - the symptoms/evidence presented;
 - any treatment/medication that has been given or prescribed;
 - who else in the School/boarding house will need to be informed.
- 4.1.8 Following notification the First Aid Officer in the School will discuss with the Deputy Head (Pastoral) and the Head of Lairthwaite House (boarding pupils) the next steps. This will include whether an IHCP is required (section 4.3). If we have any concerns about the validity of the information provided we will contact the child's GP or another appropriate medical professional.
- 4.1.9 The School does not need to wait for a formal diagnosis before providing support to a pupil but judgements will need to be made about the support provided. This will involve some form of medical evidence and consultation with the pupil and parent.
- 4.2 School attendance and re-integration**
- 4.2.1 We will liaise with the Local Authority to work in the interest of children under the DfE statutory guidance, 'Ensuring a good education for children who cannot attend School because of health needs'.
- 4.2.2 When a child is absent from School due to a medical condition for more than 5 consecutive or cumulative School days the Education Support Officer and/or Head of Year will contact parents to discuss academic and emotional support. We will try to ensure that, as far as possible, the absent child can access the curriculum that they would have in School. We will, however, take into account the well-being of the student in relation to completion of any work.
- 4.2.3 The Local Authority has a duty to make other arrangements, such as home and hospital education, when it becomes clear that a child will be away from School for 15 days or more (whether consecutive or cumulative across the School year) due to their health needs. The Education Support Officer will notify the Local Authority if this becomes the case. Hospital and Home Tuition can only be accessed with medical information provided at consultant level.
- 4.2.4 Regular School communication will continue with a pupil's family regardless of the period of absence. This will include parent mail bulletins, newsletters and invitations to School events.
- 4.2.5 Following a period of home or hospital education or alternative provision we will establish an individually tailored re-integration plan to enable a successful return to School. This may involve the Local Authority, the First Aid Officer in the School, other children's services and the provision

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of any extra support a child might need to access and fill the gaps that may have arisen from their absence.

4.2.6 We will ensure that transitional procedures are in place to support children with medical conditions who change School or attend alternative educational provision.

4.3 Individual Healthcare Plans (IHCP)

4.3.1 An IHCP is a working document to ensure we effectively support a pupil with a medical condition. It details what needs to be done, when and by whom.

4.3.2 An IHCP will be initiated in consultation with pupils, parents, the First Aid Officer in the School, Head of Lairthwaite House (boarding pupils) and the healthcare professional involved in providing care (Appendix 4/5).

4.3.3 An IHCP will be put in place if a child's medical condition fluctuates, is long-term, complex or if there is a high risk that emergency intervention will be required. The level of detail will depend on the complexity of the medical condition and the support the child needs. Not all children will require an IHCP.

4.3.4 Where a child has SEND but does not have an EHC Plan, their special educational needs will be mentioned in their IHCP. Where a child has SEND identified in an EHC Plan, the IHCP will be linked to or become part of the EHC Plan.

4.3.5 IHCPs will be reviewed annually or earlier if a child's needs change. This will trigger a check of any registers held e.g. asthma sufferers with permission to receive emergency salbutamol.

4.3.6 In general, an IHCP will cover:

- the medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments;
- the pupil's needs, including medicine (dose, side-effects and storage) and other treatments, facilities e.g. the need for privacy, equipment, testing, access to food/drink (where this is used to manage their medical condition), dietary requirements and environmental issues e.g. travel time between lessons etc. A Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP) will also be drawn up in accordance with the Health and Safety policy (KS/F&P/013) if necessary;
- specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs – for example, how absence will be managed, extra time in exams, rest periods or additional support to catch up with lessons, counselling sessions etc;
- the level of support needed - some children can take responsibility for their health needs and this is encouraged. If a child is self-managing their medicine. **for example asthma inhalers, diabetic medication and auto-injectors** this will be stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring **this does not include prescribed medication**;
- who will provide this support, their training needs, confirmation of their proficiency to provide support for the child's medical condition from a relevant healthcare professional (where necessary) and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable;
- who in the School needs to be aware of the child's condition and the support required;
- written permission from parents for medicines to be administered by a member of staff, or self-administered by the pupil during School hours or whilst in the care of the boarding house, including emergency salbutamol in the case of a child suffering an asthma attack without their own inhaler being in working condition;

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- any separate arrangements or procedures required for School trips or other activities outside of the normal School timetable that will ensure the child can participate e.g. risk assessments;
- where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent/child, the designated individuals to be entrusted with information will be agreed upon (sharing confidential information for a purpose not sanctioned by the School is regarded as a serious breach of professional conduct); and
- what to do in an emergency, including who to contact, and contingency arrangements. If a child has an emergency health care plan prepared by a clinician it will be used to inform their IHCP.

4.3.7 The First Aid Officer in the School will hold a copy of IHCPs for pupils in School. The Head of Lairthwaite House will hold a copy of IHCPs for boarding pupils in the boarding house office.

4.3.8 The Local Authority will be informed if a pupil travels on Local Authority home/School transport has a life-threatening condition and carries emergency medicine so that they can develop an appropriate transport healthcare plan. This will be made clear to parents in the IHCP development meeting.

4.3.9 Parents are responsible to share information about life-threatening conditions and emergency medicine with bus operators where they have agreed on a private arrangement for home/School transport.

5.0 MANAGING MEDICINES

5.1 Medicines will be administered in the School/boarding house only when it would be detrimental to a child's health or School attendance not to do so.

5.2 Prescription Medicines

5.2.1 No child under 16 will be given prescription medicines without their parent's written consent except in exceptional circumstances where the medicine has been prescribed to the child without the knowledge of the parents. In such cases, every effort will be made to encourage the child concerned to involve their parents while respecting the child's right to confidentiality.

5.2.2 Prescription medicines must be delivered by a parent, or with parental consent by a pupil, to the First Aid Officer in the School or a member of Lairthwaite House staff (Appendix 6) as indicated in the IHCP.

5.2.3 Only prescription medicines that are in-date, clearly labelled (in English), provided in the original container as dispensed by a pharmacist with instructions for administration, dosage and storage will be accepted. Any prescription medicines that do not comply with these criteria will be logged and retained until a parent can collect it. Labels must contain the following information:

- Pupil's name and date of birth
- Name of medication
- Dose and frequency
- Full administration instructions
- Storage requirements
- Date of dispensing
- Expiry date

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- 5.2.4 Multiple containers must be individually labelled. Where items have an inner container (e.g. eye drops) a label should be applied to this as well as the outer container. If a label becomes detached, damaged or illegible the medicine will be returned to parents (day pupils) or a pharmacist (boarding pupils) for disposal.
- 5.2.5 An exception to this is insulin which must be in date, but will generally be made available inside an insulin pen or a pump, rather than its original container. This may be the case for other emergency medicines such as a reliever inhaler for the treatment of an asthma attack or adrenalin for the treatment of anaphylaxis.
- 5.2.6 When a boarding pupil requires medical treatment parents will be informed at the earliest convenient opportunity. Boarding staff must ensure that clinical practitioners write full instructions on any prescription given. This must include criteria for an 'as required' medicine, including dose, frequency and maximum daily dose.
- 5.2.7 Only a reasonable quantity of medicine should be supplied (up to four weeks for day pupils and half a term for boarding pupils). Parents are responsible for renewing medication for day pupils when supplies are running low and ensuring that medication supplied is within its expiry date.
- 5.2.8 If a prescribed medicine is supplied to a boarding pupil which is different to that received in the past, boarding staff must check with the pharmacist before administering the medication.
- 5.2.9 The School/boarding house will not change the dosage or frequency of a prescribed medicine or alter any information on the labels. If a doctor changes the dosage or frequency of a prescribed medicine they must provide written authorisation and the container must be re-labelled by a pharmacist.
- 5.2.10 Parents are responsible to notify the School in writing if a pupil's need for medication has ceased.

5.3 Storage of Medicines

- 5.3.1 Medicine must be stored safely, in its original container and in accordance with its storage instructions. Children must know where their medicine is kept and be able to access it quickly if needed. They must know who holds the key to any locked storage facility.
- 5.3.2 Medicines will be held by the First Aid Officer in the School or in the boarding house surgery unless the agreed procedure is for a pupil to have them on their person e.g. medication for life-threatening situations, asthma inhalers or if a boarding pupil is deemed to be Gillick competent (Appendix 8).
- 5.3.3 Medicines will be stored in secure designated areas:
- The medicine cabinets or refrigerator in the First Aid Officer's room.
 - The medicine cupboard or refrigerator in the boarding house surgery (keys are held by authorised members of boarding staff and duplicate keys are available from the Head of Lairthwaite House.)
 - Locked in a boarding pupil's personal drawer (if self-administering).

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5.3.4 The temperature of refrigerators is monitored on a daily basis. If a temperature is recorded outside the normal range (2-5°C) the First Aid Officer in the School or Lairthwaite House staff must seek medical advice regarding any medicines being stored.

5.3.5 Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens must be available to children and kept in secure cabinets with easy access (**keys are held with the First Aid Officer, Pupil Reception and First Aid Room**). This will be considered as part of the risk assessment process for educational visits.

5.4 Pupils managing their own medical conditions

5.4.1 Following agreement with parents, children who are competent will be encouraged to take responsibility for managing their own medicines and procedures. This will be reflected in the IHCP.

5.4.2 To facilitate this, children will be allowed to carry their own medicines and relevant devices where possible, or will be able to access them for self-medication quickly and easily.

5.4.3 5.4.3 If a child with a controlled drug passes it to another person for use, this is a criminal offence and appropriate disciplinary actions will also be taken (see School Behaviour Policy, KSMAT/STAT/044).

5.5 Staff Administration of Medicine

5.5.1 If it is not appropriate for a child to self-manage, a relevant member of staff will help to administer medicines and manage procedures for them. Training will be made available for all staff through the National College (Appendix 7).

5.5.2 Medicines will be administered in accordance with the instructions stated. Crushing tablets or opening capsules to aid administration will be avoided - advice about alternative formulations can be sought from a GP. Prescription medicines will not be administered to anyone other than the pupil named on the label.

5.5.3 If a child refuses to take medicine or carry out a necessary procedure staff will not force them to do so. Staff will then follow the procedure agreed in the IHCP and inform parents. This may trigger a review of the IHCP. If refusal to take medicine results in an emergency, the School's emergency procedures will be followed (section 6).

5.5.4 If an administration error is made medical advice must be sought immediately. The pupil's parents and GP (even if advice is initially sought elsewhere) must be informed. An Incident Form must also be completed to enable a review into how the error occurred to take place.

5.6 Day trips, residential visits and sporting activities

5.6.1 Staff leading such activities must check in SIMS for information about the medical needs and relevant emergency procedures for the students involved. They must consult with the First Aid Officer in the School regarding any additional medical information or specific guidance required. A check list is also available (Appendix 7).

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- 5.6.2 Every effort will be made to ensure that all children can participate according to their abilities and with any reasonable adjustments. This may include changing a less accessible venue for one that is more so but can still achieve the same educational aims and objectives.
- 5.6.3 A pupil will only be excluded from an activity if the Head teacher considers, based on the evidence, that no reasonable adjustment can make it safe for them or evidence from a clinician which states that an activity is not possible for that child.
- 5.6.4 Risk assessments for trips, visits and sporting activities must consider arrangements and controls required to support a pupil with a medical condition. These will make reference to the IHCP and may require consultation with parents and pupils, advice from a relevant healthcare professional and an additional individual risk assessment.

5.7 Disposal of Medicines

- 5.7.1 Prescription medicines for day pupils must be collected by a parent at the end of each half term. Prescription medicines for boarding pupils must be given to a parent or to the pupil at the end of each half term.
- 5.7.2 The First Aid Officer will contact Parents when the date of prescription medicines has expired and these will either be returned to a parent or disposed by the school at parental request.
- 5.7.3 Boarding staff will transfer date expired medicines or those no longer required for treatment for boarding pupils to a pharmacist for safe disposal. A receipt signed by the pharmacist will be retained in the boarding house surgery.
- 5.7.4 If a dose of medicine is removed from the original container but not taken by a pupil it will be kept securely and returned to a parent (day pupils) or a pharmacist (boarding pupils) for safe disposal.
- 5.7.5 A sharps box is used for the disposal of needles and other sharps. These are found in the First Aid Officer's room and the boarding house surgery. The First Aid Officer in the School and Head of Lairthwaite House will dispose of the contents by taking the sharps box to Keswick Cottage Hospital.

5.8 Controlled Drugs

- 5.8.1 The supply, possession and administration of some medicines, e.g. methylphenidate (Ritalin), are strictly controlled by the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 (amended 2010) and its associated regulations. These are referred to as 'controlled drugs'.
- 5.8.2 Controlled drugs should be brought into School by parents. The details and quantity handed over must be recorded (Appendix 6). This must be signed by the parent and the receiving member of staff. If controlled drugs are delivered to School by a third party they must be received in a security sealed container/bag.
- 5.8.3 A child who has been prescribed a controlled drug may legally have it in their possession, if they are competent to do so, otherwise we will securely store controlled drugs in a non-portable container with the child's name/photograph attached. They will be easily accessible in an emergency. Monitoring arrangements will be agreed in the IHCP.

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5.8.4 Staff may administer a controlled drug to a child for whom it has been prescribed. A record will be kept in the same way as for the administration of other medicines with the exception that a second member of staff will witness the administration (section 9).

5.9 Non-Prescription Medicines

5.9.1 Parents are requested to provide written consent so that non-prescription medicines, such as paracetamol, can be administered. Only the First Aid Officer will give medicine containing aspirin or ibuprofen unless it is prescribed by a doctor.

5.9.2 Non-prescription medicines will not be administered without first checking the maximum dose and when the previous dose was taken. Every effort will be made to contact day pupils' parents prior to administration to check this and to inform them that medication is being given.

5.9.3 In exceptional circumstances non-prescription medicines may be administered (or self-administered) without parental consent, for example, anti-histamines to relieve allergy symptoms on an educational trip or visit.

5.9.4 Household/herbal remedies/vitamins will not be permitted in School or boarding unless they are supported by a medical professional and the short/long term medication forms are completed.

5.9.5 Non-prescription medicines will not be administered for more than 48 hours without obtaining medical advice.

5.9.6 Non-prescription medicines will only be accepted if they are in-date, in their original container and have full administration instructions. Non-prescription medicines will also be purchased by the School and the boarding house, and recorded after each administration. This will be monitored by the First Aid Officer in the School (day pupils) and the Head of Lairthwaite House (boarding pupils).

5.9.7 When a non-prescription medicine is administered we will inform the child's parents on the same day indicating the amount and frequency of doses given. The First Aid Officer in the School will do this using a medicine administration slips that allows for carbon copies of the administration to be given to pupils/parents and to be kept in School.

5.9.8 The First Aid Officer in the School and boarding house staff will ensure that each is notified on the same day where a non-prescription medicine has been administered to a boarding pupil, through REACH, indicating the amount and frequency of doses given.

5.10 Emergency Salbutamol Inhalers

5.10.1 From 1 October 2014 the Human Medicines (Amendment) (No.2) Regulations 2014 allows Schools to keep a salbutamol inhaler for use in an emergency. A child may be prescribed an inhaler which contains an alternative reliever medicine (such as terbutaline). The salbutamol inhaler should still be used by these children if their inhaler is not accessible – it will still help to relieve their asthma and could save their life.

5.10.2 We have 3 salbutamol inhalers, plus a spare (**1 in the emergency grab bag, in PE and at the Crosthwaite centre**) so they are available in School and in the boarding house. This does not in any way release a parent from their duty to ensure that their child attends School with a fully

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functional inhaler containing sufficient medicine for their needs and providing a back-up inhaler to the First Aid Officer in School. Students who do not have their own inhalers must not be allowed to go on School trips unless consents have been given by the parents.

5.10.3 The emergency salbutamol inhaler will only be used by children:

- who have been diagnosed with asthma and prescribed a reliever inhaler; or
- who have been prescribed a reliever inhaler; and
- for whom written parental consent has been given.

5.10.4 We will buy inhalers and spacer equipment (as advised by a person no less qualified than a pharmacist) from a pharmaceutical supplier in writing confirming the following:

- the name of the School;
- the purpose for which the product is required; and
- the total quantity required.

5.10.5 Emergency asthma kit will contain the following:

- a salbutamol inhaler;
- at least two single-use plastic spacers compatible with the inhaler;
- instructions on using the inhaler and spacer;
- instructions on cleaning and storing the inhaler;
- manufacturer's information;
- a list of children permitted/not permitted to use the inhaler as detailed in their IHCP (asthma register)

5.10.6 It is the responsibility of the First Aid Officer in the School and the Head of Lairthwaite House to maintain the emergency inhaler kits in the School and Boarding house ensuring that:

- on a monthly basis the inhaler and spacers are present and in working order, and the inhaler has sufficient number of doses available;
- replacement inhalers are obtained when expiry dates approach;
- replacement spacers are available following use;
- the plastic inhaler housing (which holds the canister) has been cleaned, dried and returned to storage following use, or that replacements are available if necessary.

5.10.7 Emergency inhaler kits are kept by the First Aid Officer in the School's office and outside the House Office in the Boarding House. The emergency inhaler will be clearly labelled and kept separate from any child's prescribed inhaler. Storage will always be in line with manufacturer's guidelines, usually below 30°C and protected from direct sunlight and extremes of temperature.

5.10.8 An inhaler must be primed when first used e.g. spray two puffs. As it can become blocked when not used over a period of time. Regular priming by spraying two puffs will be carried out periodically as part of the working order checks.

5.10.9 To avoid cross-infection, the plastic spacer must not be reused. The inhaler itself however can usually be reused, provided it is cleaned after use.

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6.0 MANAGING ALLERGIES IN SCHOOL

6.1 Purpose

6.1.1 Keswick School has a number of pupils that have food allergies. This policy outlines the protocols in place to minimise and/or remove student exposure to their allergies. Whilst they endeavour to either eliminate or highlight the allergens in their food/drinks through the processes outlined below; it cannot be 100% guaranteed that all of the dishes are allergen free and cannot prevent students from 'food swapping'.

6.2 Preventative Measures

6.2.1 Training

All Catering staff complete certified allergy awareness training. New starters complete a full on-line course followed up with refresher training every three years.

6.2.2 Electronic File

Catering Department hold an electronic allergen file which contains specific information regarding all 14 allergens that may be contained in the recipes/ingredients used in their menu items for reference. This is created through bespoke software that is provided by the School main food supplier. On each menu refresh the electronic system is updated to reflect the change in ingredients.

6.2.3 Student Responsibility

If the student is in any doubt in relation to contents of the menu item and plan to consume food/drinks from the catering department, it is strongly recommended that they double check with any member of the catering team. They will endeavour to answer all questions in relation to the food/drinks that they serve, and may at times suggest alternatives if they cannot categorically assure them that it is free from specific allergens.

6.2.4 Point of Payment

At each till point there is a 'Food Allergy' list which identifies each student (with photograph) that has food allergies. The information on this list is derived from Individual Health Care Plans (IHCP) which are generated, held and maintained by the First Aid Officer.

When a (IHCP) student uses the biometric system to pay, a warning message is displayed, prompting the cashier to ask whether or not the food/drinks that they are about to purchase is suitable for them to consume.

6.2.5 Food Displays

At each location of service (L60, Canteen and Terrace) tray bakes which contain or may contain allergens are clearly shown and labelled. Those items are on Red trays and are clearly labelled. In house prepared snacks, ie sandwiches or hot snacks are served separately or clearly labelled Gluten Free (GF).

6.2.6 Staff

Staff are encouraged to consume food/drinks in their department office or staff room. This removes the risk of severely affected students from exposure to their allergy as students do not enter these areas. Staff are discouraged from sharing/swapping food with students.

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6.2.7 *Natasha's Law*

The UK Food Information Amendment, also known as Natasha's Law, came into effect on the 1st of October 2021 and requires food businesses to provide full ingredient lists and allergen labelling on foods pre-packaged for direct sale on the premises. For Schools, the new labelling requirements will apply to all food they make on-site and package, such as sandwiches, wraps, salads, and cakes. It applies to food offered at mealtimes, and as break-time snacks. Keswick School is fully compliant with the regulations.

6.3 **Boarding Students**

6.3.1 The Catering Department provide boarders with their meals (Monday to Friday – breakfast, lunch and dinner and Saturday & Sunday – lunch & dinner). The same guidelines apply for boarders, except that they don't pass through a till point for breakfast and dinner. Food items available in the Boarding House are kept in their wrappers, or relevant ingredient information is affixed to the storage container, to ensure that those with any allergies can check products before consumption.

6.4 **Alternative Solution**

6.4.1 If a student suffers from a severe form of food allergy and would like to completely remove any risk, it is advised they consume their own packed meal, prepared at home, for morning break or lunch. It is also recommended that they do not 'swap' any of their food/drink items with other pupils in order to avoid ingesting anything that could potentially cause harm.

7.0 **EMERGENCY ADRENALINE**

7.1 Anaphylaxis is a severe and often sudden allergic reaction. It can occur when a susceptible person is exposed to an allergen e.g. food or an insect sting. Reactions usually begin within minutes of exposure and progress rapidly, but can occur up to 2-3 hours later. It is potentially life threatening and always requires an immediate emergency response.

7.2 From 1 October 2017 the Human Medicines (Amendment) Regulations 2017 allows (but does not require) all Schools to buy adrenaline auto-injector (AAI) devices without a prescription, for emergency use in children who are at risk of anaphylaxis but their own device is not available or not working e.g. because it is broken, or out-of-date.

7.3 We feel that keeping an AAI for emergency use will benefit children at this School and have decided to purchase and manage devices on a risk assessment basis i.e. one or more depending on likelihood of device failure and need.

7.4 Our procedures will ensure that the spare AAI will only be used on pupils known to be at risk of anaphylaxis, and for whom both medical authorisation and written parental consent for use of the spare AAI has been provided.

7.5 **Steps to Reduce Anaphylaxis Risks**

7.5.1 We seek the cooperation of the whole School community in implementing the following to reduce the risk of exposure to allergens.

- Bottles, other drinks and lunch boxes provided by parents for children with food allergies should be clearly labelled with the name of the child for whom they are intended.

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- If food is purchased from the School canteen, parents should check the appropriateness of foods by speaking directly to the catering manager. The child should also be taught to check allergen information with catering staff, before purchasing.
- Where we provide the food, our staff will be educated on how to read labels for food allergens and instructed about measures to prevent cross-contamination during the handling, preparation and serving of food. Examples include: preparing food for children with food allergies first; careful cleaning (using warm soapy water) of food preparation areas and utensils.
- Trading and sharing of food, food utensils or food containers will be actively discouraged and monitored.
- Training will include that unlabelled food poses a potentially greater risk of allergen exposure than packaged food with precautionary allergen labelling suggesting a risk of contamination with allergen.
- Careful planning for the use of food in crafts, cooking classes, science experiments and special events (e.g. fetes, assemblies, cultural events) with adequate substitutions, restrictions or protective measures put in place (e.g. wheat-free flour for play dough or cooking), non-food containers for egg cartons.
- Careful planning for out-of-School activities such as sporting events, excursions (e.g. restaurants and food processing plants), outings or camps, thinking early about the catering requirements and emergency planning (including access to emergency medication and medical care).

7.6 Supplies of Auto-Injectors

7.6.1 We will use the template letter available from www.sparepensinSchools.uk, signed by the headteacher, to purchase a reasonable number of AAIs of the brand our pupils most commonly use, in the doses necessary (based on the 'Guidance on the use of Adrenaline Auto-Injectors in Schools', September 2017), on an occasional basis (due to their expiry dates averaging 12-18 months) and, in accordance with our assessment of the risks.

7.7 The Register and Emergency Adrenaline Kit

7.7.1 The spare AAI in the Emergency Adrenaline Kit may only be used in a pupil where both medical authorisation and written parental consent have been provided.

7.7.2 This includes children at risk of anaphylaxis who have been provided with a medical plan confirming this, but who have not been prescribed AAI. In such cases, specific consent for use of the spare AAI from both a healthcare professional and parent or legal guardian must be obtained. Such a plan is available from the British Society for Allergy and Clinical Immunology (BSACI www.sparepensinSchools.uk/plans or www.bsaci.org/about/pag-allergy-action-plans-for-children).

7.7.3 The spare AAI can be used instead of a pupil's own prescribed AAI(s), if these cannot be administered correctly, without delay. This information will be recorded in the pupil's IHCP and where they have no healthcare needs other than the risk of anaphylaxis, we will consider only using the BSACI Allergy Action Plan suitable for their prescribed device.

7.7.4 We will compile a register of all children who have a diagnosed allergy and have been prescribed an AAI (or where a doctor has provided a written plan recommending AAI(s) to be used in the event of anaphylaxis) which includes:

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- Known allergens and risk factors for this individual’s anaphylactic reaction;
- Whether the individual has been prescribed AAI(s), and if so, what type and dose;
- What type and dose of AAI the individual can receive if they have **not** been prescribed one of their own, but they **do** have a written medical plan confirming that an allergen exposure incident could require AAIs to be administered which includes specific consent for use of the spare AAI from both a healthcare professional and parent or legal guardian;
- Whether written parental consent has been given (usually agreed as part of the IHCP) for use of the spare AAI which may be different to the personal AAI prescribed;
- A photograph of each pupil to allow a simple visual check to be made;
- The spare AAIs will be stored as part of an emergency anaphylaxis kit which will include:
 - One or more AAI(s);
 - Instructions on how to use and store the device(s);
 - Manufacturer’s information;
 - A checklist of injectors, identified by their batch number and expiry date with monthly checks recorded (including the locations of other devices if more are needed);
 - A note of the arrangements for replacing the injectors;
 - A list of pupils to whom the AAI can be administered;
 - An administration record.

7.7.5 This kit will be stored with the emergency asthma kit and in other places as necessary because many food-allergic children also have asthma, and asthma is a common symptom during food-induced anaphylaxis.

7.8 Storage and Care of Auto-Injectors

7.8.1 It is the responsibility of the First Aid Officer to maintain the emergency adrenalin kit ensuring that, on a monthly basis, the AAIs (and sharps box if necessary) are present and appear to be in working order and that replacement AAIs are obtained when expiry dates approach.

7.8.2 AAIs are kept in the First Aid Officer’s office and on the person. The First Aid Officer’s office is a safe and suitably central location, known to all staff, accessible at all times, but which is out of the reach and sight of children. In the Boarding House emergency spare AAI’s are stored in the hallway outside the House Office.

7.8.3 Storage will always be in line with manufacturer’s guidelines, usually at room temperature in a cool dark place preferably at 18-26°C, and we take into account what the prolonged ambient temperature might be in storage locations during holiday periods without any heating on.

7.9 Disposal

7.9.1 Manufacturers’ guidelines usually recommend that out of date medicines are returned to the pharmacy to be recycled. To do this legally, a School should register because an out-of-date AAI counts as waste for disposal. Registration only takes a few minutes online at www.gov.uk/waste-carrier-or-broker-registration, it is free, and does not usually need to be renewed in future years.

7.10 Staff Use and Training

7.10.1 Staff will be trained on managing anaphylaxis. When staff recognise the signs of anaphylaxis:

- the child should be made as comfortable as possible and their own AAI located, and the spare sent for at the same time;

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- the spare AAI will be administered only if the child’s own devices are not functioning, in-date, sufficient, or available;
- the child will be checked against the register for confirmed identity, consents, and dose before administration;
- although all staff have received allergen awareness training which included training videos on AAI administration and there are very clear administration instructions in each kit, where possible, the AAI will be administered by a first aider whose first aid course included AAI practice;
- administration will be recorded.;
- in line with the Department of Health guidance, arrangements will be made as soon as possible to transfer to hospital any pupil that we have administered adrenaline to for further monitoring of their condition;
- parents will be informed about AAI administration through normal emergency contact arrangements as soon as possible, and usually by telephone.

8.0 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- 8.1 In an emergency help must be sought from the First Aid Officer in the School or a relevant first aider. If required any member of staff can contact the emergency services in accordance with normal School procedures (First Aid policy KS/P&B/010).
- 8.2 Relevant staff will be briefed on emergency signs, symptoms and procedures outlined in an IHCP. This will be part of the new staff induction, re-visited regularly and updated as an IHCP changes.
- 8.4 If a child needs to be taken to hospital they must be accompanied by a member of staff who must remain with them until a parent arrives, unless a parent is available to go instead or parental permission is given for a child to go unaccompanied.
- 8.5 Cardiac arrests can happen to people at any age. CPR and defibrillation can save lives. We have four defibrillators located in the pupil reception, science department, inside main entrance to sports hall and boarding. First aiders and other volunteers are trained in the use of defibrillators.
- 8.6 If, in an emergency, staff are taking a young person to hospital or a doctor in their own car they must have the appropriate level of vehicle insurance.

9.0 UNACCEPTABLE PRACTICE

- 9.1 It is essential that staff act in accordance with their training and feel able to exercise discretion with reference to a child’s IHCP. However it is unacceptable to:
- prevent children from easily accessing their medicine, and administering it when and where necessary;
 - assume that every child with the same condition requires the same treatment;
 - ignore the views of the child or their parents; or ignore medical evidence or opinion (although staff will be supported to challenge this where they have genuine concerns);
 - send children with medical conditions home frequently or prevent them from staying for normal School activities unless this is specified in their IHCP;
 - if the child becomes ill, send them to the First Aid Officer in the School unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable;

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- penalise children for their attendance record if this is related to their medical condition e.g. hospital appointments;
- prevent pupils from drinking, eating or going to the toilet whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively;
- require parents to attend School to administer medicine or provide medical support to their child; or
- create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of School life, including School trips, e.g. by requiring parents to accompany the child.

10.0 RECORD KEEPING

- 10.1 The School/boarding house will keep a record of medicine administered to children, stating what, how and how much was administered, when and by whom. Any medicine refused, missed or lost doses (dropped or spilled) and side effects the pupil experiences will also be noted.
- 10.2 Pupils will have a medication permission and record form (Appendix 6) which parents must sign when they deliver medicine. This will record the quantity received, repeat prescriptions, date administration is discontinued and medicines transferred out of the School/boarding house for safe disposal.
- 10.3 The First Aid Officer in the School, trip/visit and sporting activity organisers will use the medication permission and record form to record the administration of prescription medicines (Appendix 6). In the Boarding House this is recorded in REACH.
- 10.4 Where a pupil requires administration or self-administration of a controlled drug the record kept will include the signature of a witness.
- 10.5 When a non-prescription medicine is administered to a pupil during the School day, they will be provided with an administration of medication slip for their parents or the boarding house. Parents and the boarding house will also be contacted as required. This also applies to any pupils on trips/visits and sporting activities.
- 10.6 When a boarding pupil is given a non-prescribed medicine it will be recorded on REACH. The First Aid Officer can access this at the start and end of each School day to ensure medicine administered never exceeds the maximum recommended amount.
- 10.7 To ensure that only eligible and appropriately identified pupils are given the emergency salbutamol inhaler, the School/boarding house will keep a photo-based register of such pupils in each emergency asthma kit.
- 10.8 Where a pupil is given the emergency salbutamol inhaler, it will be recorded in the Emergency inhaler kit. The parents of any pupil who requires administration of the emergency salbutamol inhaler will be informed that this has happened.

11.0 TRAINING

- 11.1 The Deputy Head (Pastoral) and HR officer will ensure there are sufficient trained staff in the School/boarding house to implement this policy. This includes appropriate briefings for occasional, peripatetic or supply staff.

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- 11.2 Staff who support a pupil with a medical condition will receive training to ensure they are competent and confident to meet the requirements in an IHCP. Some staff may have knowledge of the support needed for a medical condition, so extensive training may not always be required.
- 11.3 Staff must not administer prescription medicines or undertake a healthcare procedure without appropriate training. A first-aid certificate does not constitute appropriate training.
- 11.4 A healthcare professional, or the First Aid Officer in the School, will identify the type/level of training required during the development and review of an IHCP.
- 11.5 A healthcare professional, or the First Aid Officer in the School, will confirm the proficiency of staff in administering medicine or a healthcare procedure. The HR officer, Deputy Head (Pastoral) and Head of Lairthwaite House will keep records of training and proficiency checks.
- 11.6 There are 3 levels of training which will be implemented in Keswick School. These are:
- 11.6.1 An annual awareness of School policies and procedures through INSET/Code of Conduct to ensure all staff are aware of this policy and their role in implementing it. This will include some basic information about the conditions staff may have to recognise and deal with (such as asthma, diabetes, anaphylaxis or epilepsy) and where further information can be found.
- 11.6.2 General competence to administer non-complex and topical medicines. This will be delivered in-house and will include:
- an awareness of safeguarding issues around Fabricated or Induced Illness (FII);
 - hygiene requirements e.g. washing hands before handling medicines, using a clean measuring device for oral medicine liquids, ensuring containers are clean before they are stored again etc;
 - pre-administration checks e.g. having the correct record sheet and checking the medicine has not already been administered, child's identity, child's medicine (including that the dosage, frequency etc. on a IHCP matches the prescription label), expiry date of medicine, that storage instructions have been adhered to (i.e. if it should be refrigerated that it was in the fridge) etc;
 - procedures for administration e.g. whether the child self-administers, the supervision required (as described in the IHCP), what should be done with used administration devices (spoons, oral syringes, self-administered sharps etc.), what to do if a child refuses a medicine etc;
 - recording procedures.
- 11.6.3 Specific competence to manage a medical condition and administer complex medicines. We will take advice from a relevant healthcare professional when developing an IHCP to cover such needs and up-date as required.
- 11.7 We will follow the Department of Health's publication '*Guidance on the use of emergency salbutamol inhalers in Schools*', September 2014. The First Aid Officer in the School and Head of Lairthwaite House are responsible for overseeing the protocol for the use of an emergency inhaler, monitoring its implementation and for maintaining the asthma register in the School and boarding house.

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11.8 All staff will be trained to:

- recognise the symptoms of an asthma attack and how to distinguish them from other conditions with similar symptoms; and
- be aware of this policy, check if a child is on the asthma register, access the emergency inhaler kit and summon assistance from a first aider.

11.9 First aiders will also be trained to:

- recognise when emergency action is necessary;
- administer salbutamol inhalers through a spacer;
- make appropriate records of asthma attacks.

12.0 INSURANCE

12.1 Staff are insured to support pupils with medical conditions so long as they have received sufficient and suitable training, followed this policy and its associated procedures and acted reasonably under the circumstances. This includes the administration of medicines and any required healthcare procedures identified through the IHCP process.

12.2 The risk protection arrangement (RPA) wording is available from the Business Director on request.

13.0 COMPLAINTS

11.1 Parents or pupils dissatisfied with the support provided can discuss their concerns directly with the Deputy Head (Pastoral). If this does not resolve the issue, they may make a formal complaint through the School Complaints policy (KS/PER/021) which is available on the School website.

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Medicine administration information sheet: PARACETAMOL

Approved Drug Name	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ACETAMINOPHEN
Trade Name	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paracetamol
Preparations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tablets 500mg • Soluble tablets 500mg • Suspension 500mg
Dose to be given	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12 years-adult 500mg – 1000mg (1-2 tablets) repeated every 4-6 hours when necessary. A maximum of 4 doses in 24 hours. Use tablets or soluble tablets.
Route and method of administration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oral
Criteria for use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 11 years - adults
Indications for use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mild to moderate pain • Fever (raised temperature) • Post immunisation
Possible Side Effects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Very rare may include rashes. • Over dosage very dangerous.
Advice to be given	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain treatment and potential side effects • If symptoms worsen consult the First Aid Officer or doctor.
Time to respond	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paracetamol will start to ease symptoms of pain within 20-30 minutes. Temperature reduction may take longer but should be noticeable within 1 hour
Record Keeping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Record the drug dose, time of administration and reason for giving on the Google spreadsheet, and issue the student with a medical slip for parents

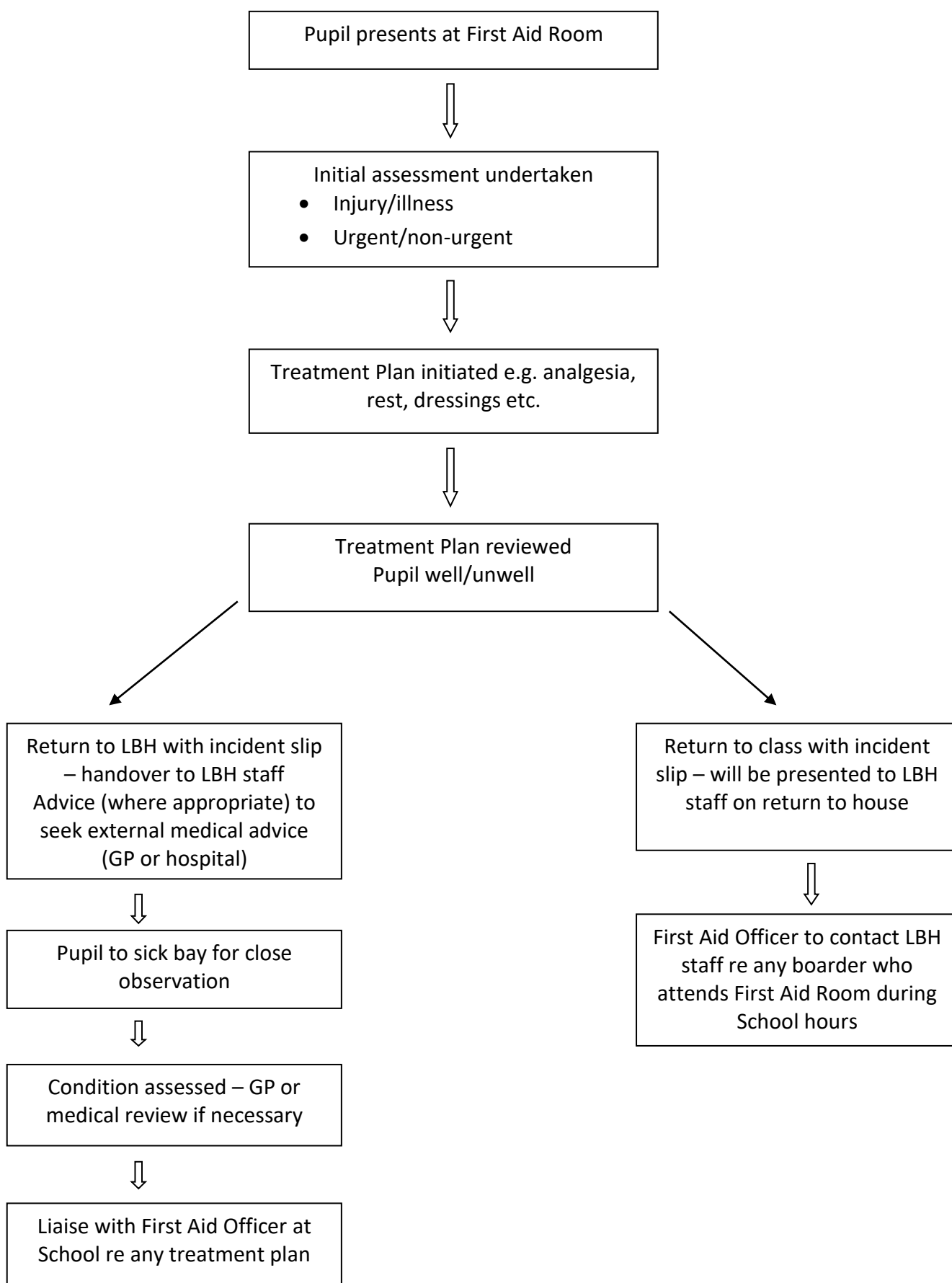
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LBH Individual Health Monitoring Form

Name:		Date:	
Complaint / Symptoms:			
Other medical considerations:			
Time last seen by staff	by	Notes:	

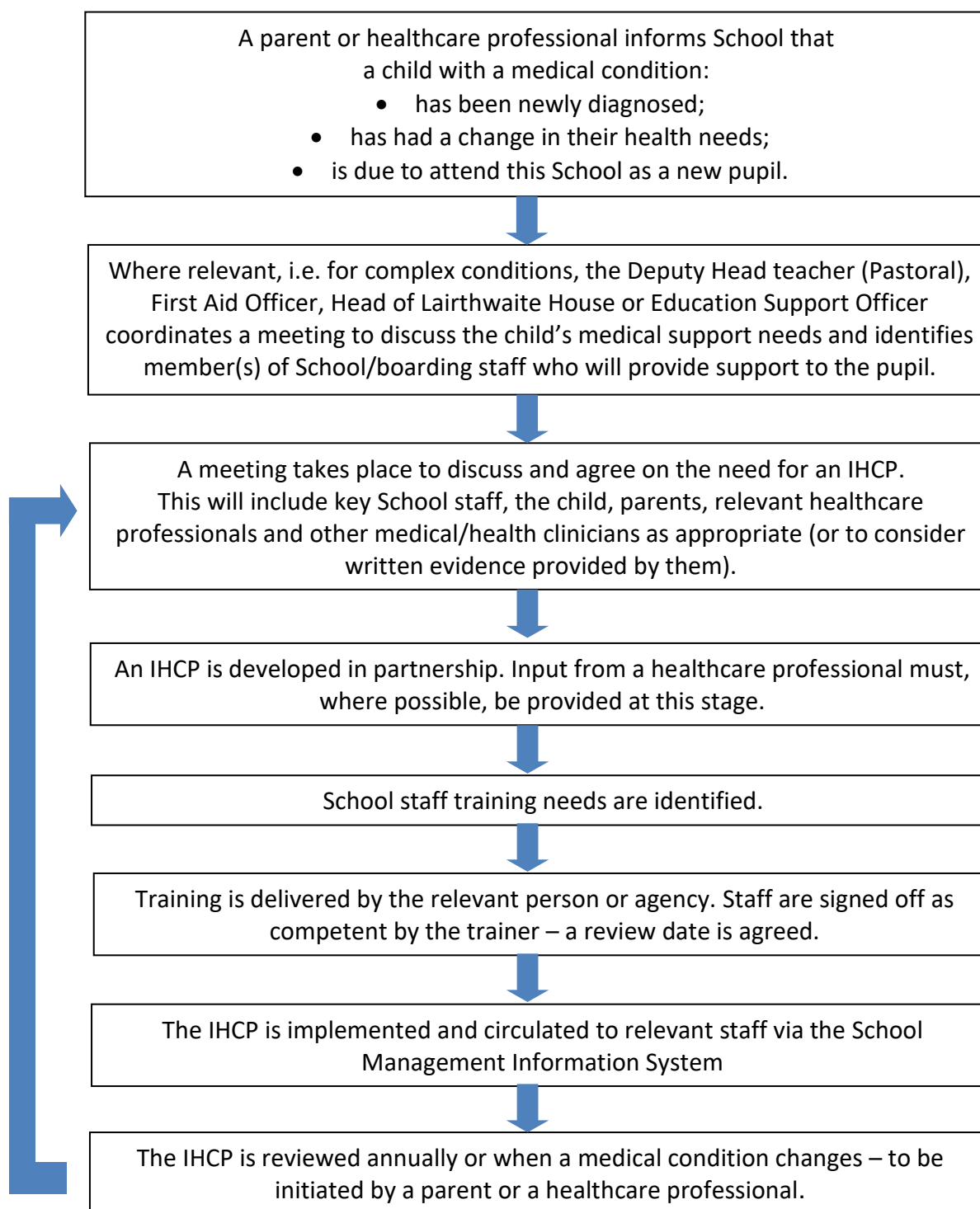
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Medical Referral Procedure for Boarding Pupils



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Process for developing an Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP)



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Individual Health Care Plan (IHCP)

1. Student Information:

Name: _____ Date of birth: _____

Address: _____

2. Contact Information

Contact 1 – Name: _____ Relationship to child: _____

Mobile number: _____ Home/work number: _____

Contact 2 – Name: _____ Relationship to child: _____

Mobile number: _____ Home/work number _____

GP Surgery: _____ Phone: _____

Specialist Contact: _____ Phone: _____

3. Medical Condition Information

Medical diagnosis or condition: _____

Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs etc:

Daily care requirements:

Describe what constitutes an emergency, including emergency medication and the action to take if this occurs:

Name of medication(s), dose(s), method of administration, when to be taken, side effects:

Can the student self-administer the medication themselves: Yes / No

Specialist arrangements for trips and off-site visits:

4. Parental and Student Agreement:

I agree that medical information contained in this plan can be shared with individuals involved with my/my child's care (this includes emergency services). I understand that I must notify the school of any changes in writing

Student signature: _____ Date: _____

Parent signature: _____ Date: _____

Print name: _____

I consent to emergency medication being administered to my child by a member of staff in an emergency:

Parent signature: _____ Date: _____

Print name: _____

Staff signature: _____ Date: _____

FOR SCHOOL USE

Date completed:

Review Date:

Ref:	Supporting pupils with medical conditions	Type:	Policy
Version:	03	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	November 2015	Status:	FGB Approved

Parental Agreement: Administration of Medication (short term)

1. Student Information:

Name: _____ Date of birth: _____

Year Group: _____ Form Group: _____

2. Administration of Medication

Name of medication: _____

Dosage: _____

When medication is to be taken: _____

Duration medication to be taken (if applicable): _____

Any other information: _____

Parent signature: _____ Date: _____

Print name: _____ Contact Number: _____

3. Medication Received – to be completed by school staff

Date medication provided by parent: _____

Quantity received: _____

Expiry date: _____

Staff signature: _____ Print name: _____

Quantity of medication returned to parent: _____

Date: _____

Staff signature: _____ Print name: _____

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Procedures for the Administration and Transportation of Medication during School Trips and Visits

1. Introduction

This policy outlines procedures for the administration and transportation of medication during school trips and visits. It aims to ensure the safety and well-being of students with medical conditions while adhering to legal and ethical guidelines.

2. Medication Administration

- **Consent:**

- Parents/guardians must provide written consent for the administration of medication to their child during a trip or visit. This consent should include:
 - The specific medication(s) to be administered
 - The dosage and frequency of administration
 - Any special instructions or precautions

- **Staff Training:**

- Staff members responsible for administering medication must be trained in:
 - Recognizing and responding to adverse reactions
 - Proper storage and handling of medications
 - Accurate administration techniques

- **Medication Storage:**

- Medication should be stored securely with the trip leader or designated member of staff, clearly labelled with the student's name and the medication details.

- **Medication Record-Keeping:**

- A detailed record of medication administration should be maintained, including:
 - Date and time of administration
 - Name of the medication
 - Dosage administered
 - Name of the staff member who administered the medication
 - Any observations or adverse reactions

3. Medication Transportation

- **Packaging:**

- Medication should be transported in its original, labelled prescription container.
- A signed letter from the prescribing doctor may be included for reference.

- **Customs and Regulations:**

- The trip leader is responsible for checking with the airline and relevant authorities regarding regulations for transporting medication, especially on international trips.
- Necessary documentation, such as prescriptions or medical certificates, should be carried.

- **Student Responsibility:**

- Students with diabetes or other conditions requiring self-medication may be allowed to carry and self-administer their medication under specific circumstances, with parental consent and staff supervision.
- In most cases, staff members will administer medication to students.

Ref:	Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions	Type:	Policy
Version:	09	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	March 2025	Status:	Directors Approved

4. Emergency Situations

- In case of a medical emergency, staff should follow the school's emergency procedures.
- Emergency contact information for parents/guardians and medical professionals should be readily available.

5. Review and Update

This policy will be reviewed annually to ensure its continued relevance and effectiveness.

Important Considerations:

- **Legal and Ethical Obligations:** Schools have a duty of care to ensure the safety and well-being of students. Adhering to medication administration guidelines and obtaining necessary consents is crucial.
- **Individual Needs:** Each student's medical needs are unique. The policy should be flexible to accommodate individual circumstances, while maintaining safety standards.
- **Communication with Parents/Guardians:** Open and clear communication with parents/guardians is essential to ensure their understanding and cooperation.

By following this policy, schools can effectively manage medication administration and transportation during trips and visits, prioritizing the health and safety of students.

Ref:	Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions	Type:	Policy
Version:	09	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	March 2025	Status:	Directors Approved

PROTOCOL FOR ASSESSING BOARDERS' ABILITY TO KEEP THEIR OWN MEDICATIONS

Lairthwaite House allows responsible boarders to keep their own prescribed/over the counter medication in a locked area in the boarding house if they have been assessed as competent to do so.

Asthmatics should carry inhalers with them at all times as should **Epipen carriers**.

The criteria used to assess the boarders are:

1. The age of the boarder
2. Whether the medication is long term or a short course
3. What the boarder would prefer
4. Whether the boarder has proven they are reliable in general and will remember to take the medication if it is to be taken regularly
5. That the boarder understands why they are taking the medication and any side effects, and the risks of overdose
6. That the boarder knows when and how to take the medication
7. That the boarder can effectively store the medication safely in a locked area
8. That the boarder understands that they should never give their medication to anyone else, even if they have similar symptoms
9. That the boarder has signed a risk assessment form

If the House Parents feel that the boarder is not demonstrating good control or use of their medication this permission may be rescinded at any time.

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Version:	09	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	March 2025	Status:	Directors Approved

Lairthwaite House

Medication Risk Assessment Form for Students Self-Medicating

Name	DofB
Medication	Dose

Assessment Criteria	yes/no	Risk low/ med/high	Action
Can read and understand the information leaflet accompanying the medication			
Knows to ask for any advice from the staff			
Can recognise his different tablets, creams, inhalers etc.			
Able to operate inhaler devices effectively			
Understands how to store medication safely without endangering others (Locked space)			
Understands where it should be stored e.g. fridge			
Aware of expiry date			
Knows there should be no accumulation of medication			
Understands to hand into the staff or pharmacy unwanted/ discontinued medication			
Knows to re-order a repeat prescription before medication runs out ie two weeks before			
Understands the medication is for her him and that it is dangerous to give to another boarder			

I have read and understand fully the above criteria for self-medicating.

Signed (Boarder):
Date:
Parent / Houseparent:
Head of House :

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Version:	09	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	March 2025	Status:	Directors Approved

Procedure for the administration of medicines

- Check the identity of the pupil
- Check the parental consent to administer medicine, the IHCP (if there is one), the record of medicine administered to an individual child, dosage instructions, noting any recent changes and ensure that the medication has not already been administered
- Check that the pupil is not allergic to the medicine before giving it
- Check the expiry date of the medicine
- Administer the medicine following the prescribed instructions
- Sign the record of medicine administered to an individual child immediately after the medication has been given.
- Where there is a choice of dosage (i.e. one or two tablets) record the number given
- Where a medicine is to be given 'as required' record whether given or not and the reason.
- Record any refusal of medication and the reason. If persistent refusal is reported to the GP a record should be made of the time, date and who the problem was reported to and be signed by the member of staff. Record also any advice received from the prescriber.
- All staff can undertake suitable training provided through the National College:
<https://nationalcollege.com/courses/certificate-in-administering-medication-2024-2025>.

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Summoning Emergency Services

To summon an ambulance, dial any prefix required to get an outside line followed by 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the following information.

Your telephone number including any extension number.

Your name.

Your location.

Keswick School
 Vicarage Hill
 Keswick
 Cumbria
 CA12 5QB

 (School telephone number: 017687 72605)

Your location postcode.

Main School reception - CA12 5QB
 (emergency services must be directed to the entrance that provides best access to the patient)

The exact location of the patient within the School.

The name of the patient and a brief description of their symptoms.

The best entrance for the ambulance crew to use and state they will be met and taken to the patient.

Display a suitably amended copy of this form close to any phone that might reasonably be used to summon emergency services

Ref:	Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions	Type:	Policy
Version:	09	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	March 2025	Status:	Directors Approved

Parental/Medical Consent to Administer Medicines (Long Term)

Staff will not give your child medicines or medical treatments unless it is in accordance with our Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy and procedures, **and** you complete and sign this form. Parents can complete the whole form, but in line with recommendations from child protection Serious Case Reviews, **a relevant medical professional must also sign their agreement** to the administration of medicines and treatments described below. **Please PRINT information clearly and use BLACK INK where possible.**

Name of Child:		School/Setting:			Class/Form:	
Date of Birth:		Sex: male <input type="checkbox"/> female <input type="checkbox"/>		Pronouns: he <input type="checkbox"/> she <input type="checkbox"/> they <input type="checkbox"/>		Reviews to be initiated by:
Medical diagnosis, condition, or illness						
MEDICINE(S)						
Name/type of medicine(s) (As described on container)	Controlled Drug? Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>	Expiry date	Dosage and method of administration	Timing	Special precautions or other instructions e.g., with food.	Side effects that we need to know about
	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>					
	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>					
	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>					
	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>					
	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>					

PLEASE NOTE: medicines must be in the original containers as dispensed by the pharmacy/over the counter.

Ref:	Supporting pupils with medical conditions	Type:	Policy
Version:	03	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	November 2015	Status:	FGB Approved

Can the child self-administer?	YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	If YES is supervision required?	YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> (if YES, please detail e.g., visual only, guiding hand, measure check only etc.)
Does any medicine need to be carried by the child on their person, what and where will they keep it?		YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> (if YES, please give details):	
Procedures to follow in an emergency:			
EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION			
Name:		Relationship to Child:	
Address:		Work Tel. No:	
		Home Tel. No:	
		Mobile Tel. No:	
Parental Declarations			
I understand that medicines must be delivered & collected [describe procedure]:			YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/>
I understand that my child must have a working, in-date, and sufficiently full inhaler, clearly labelled with their name, which they will bring with them every day. I consent to my child receiving, in an asthma emergency, salbutamol not prescribed to them.			YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/>
I understand that my child must have the number of working and in-date AAI's that their medical practitioner has recommended, clearly labelled with their name, which they will bring with them every day. I consent to my child receiving, in an anaphylaxis emergency, adrenaline not prescribed to them.			YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> N/A <input type="checkbox"/>
The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I consent to school/setting staff administering medicine in accordance with the Policy. I will inform the school/setting immediately, in writing, if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is stopped.			
Signed:		Print Name:	Date:
Medical Practitioner Declaration			
The above information is, to the best of my professional knowledge of this child, accurate. I agree that, in order to adequately support this child at school with their medical condition(s), school staff need to administer or facilitate and/or supervise the self-administration of the medicines or treatments described above.			
Signed:		Print Name:	Date:
Professional relationship to child:		Recommended date of review/review trigger:	

Ref:	Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions	Type:	Policy
Version:	07	Owner:	Head teacher
Date:	March 2023	Status:	FGB Approved